

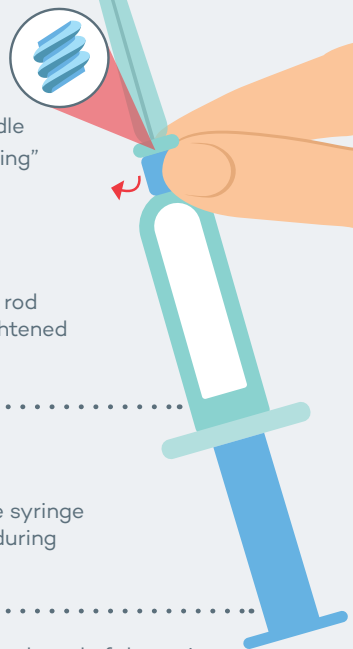
PRE-FILLED SYRINGES

1 Connection

Hold the (Luer-Lok™) when attaching the needle to ensure a strong connection.

(Luer-Lok™)¹

- Provides a secure connection between the syringe and needle
- Has a threaded tip for a “locking” fit with a variety of needles



2 Confirmation

Inspect the syringe. If a plunger rod is loose, turn clockwise until tightened before administering dose.

FINGER FLANGE¹

- Extends out from the side of the syringe barrel
- Allows for a secure grip on the syringe and provides greater control during administration of the vaccine

PLUNGER ROD¹

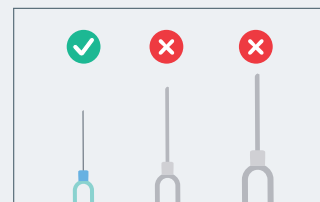
- Is a piston-like device inside the barrel of the syringe
- When thumb press is depressed, expels the contents of the syringe

3 Administration

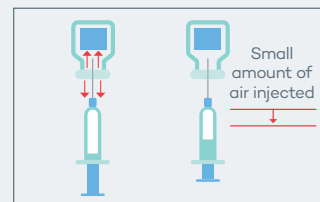
For any questions about pre-filled syringes or multi-dose vials, please email us at customerservice.us@seqirus.com.

MULTI-DOSE VIALS

HOW TO GET 10 DOSES OUT OF THE VIAL²



- Use small syringes (0.5 mL or 1.0 mL) and the recommended needle size (22 to 25 gauge)^{2,3}



- If a vacuum is felt when extracting a dose, introduce a minimal amount of air to prevent over-pressurizing the vial

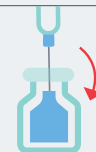
- Each vial contains 10 doses*

BE SURE TO...

Aim for different puncture sites with each dose.



Stand vial upright before withdrawing syringe.



TIP: Introducing too much air into the vial can cause a loss of vaccine and lead to the inability to extract the 10 doses, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.⁴

*The number of needle punctures should not exceed 20 per AFLURIA® multi-dose vial.²

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(Luer-Lok™) is a trademark of Becton, Dickinson and Company.

Seqirus USA Inc., 25 Deforest Ave, Summit, NJ 07901, USA

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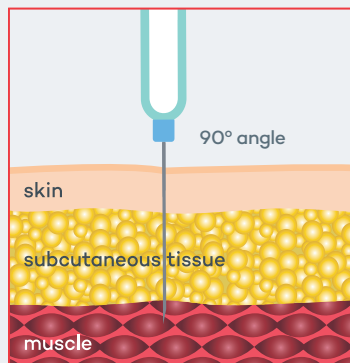
INTRAMUSCULAR (IM) ADMINISTRATION DETAILS FOR EACH PATIENT TYPE³

| PATIENT AGE | INJECTION SITE | NEEDLE SIZE (22-25 GAUGE) |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Infant (6-12 months) | Anterolateral thigh muscle | 1" |
| Toddler (1-2 years) | Anterolateral thigh muscle | 1"-1 1/4" |
| | Alternate site: Deltoid muscle (upper arm) | 5/8"-1" |
| Child (3-10 years) | Deltoid muscle (upper arm) | 5/8"-1" |
| | Alternate site: Anterolateral thigh muscle | 1"-1 1/4" |
| Child and Adult (11 years and older) | Deltoid muscle (upper arm) | 5/8"-1" |
| | Alternate site: Anterolateral thigh muscle | 1"-1 1/2" |

IM INJECTION TECHNIQUE³

- Use a needle long enough to reach deep into the muscle (see chart above)
- Insert the needle at a 90° angle to the skin with a quick thrust

TIP: Before administering a vaccine injection, it is not necessary to aspirate, ie, pull back the syringe plunger rod after needle insertion.



IM INJECTION SITE: CHILDREN AND ADULTS

Insert needle in the central and thickest portion of the deltoid muscle.

- This is located above the level of the armpit and approximately 2 to 3 fingerbreadths (~2") below the acromion process (bony prominence above deltoid)³
- If multiple vaccines are administered at a single visit, administer each vaccine at a different anatomic site⁴

TIP: To avoid injury, do not inject too high or too low.³



IM INJECTION SITE: INFANTS AND TODDLERS

- Insert needle into the anterolateral thigh muscle³

References: 1. BD. Principles of injection technique. April 29, 2024. https://www.bd.com/content/dam/bd-assets/na/medication-delivery-solutions/documents/in-service-material/BD-2125_Principles_of_Injection_Technique.pdf 2. AFLURIA. Package insert. Seqirus Inc. 3. IAC. How to administer intramuscular and subcutaneous vaccine injections. Accessed April 29, 2024. <https://www.immunize.org/catg.d/p2020.pdf> 4. CDC and Prevention. Vaccine administration. In: Hamborsky J, Kroger A, Wolfe S, eds. *Epidemiology and Prevention of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases*. 13th ed. Public Health Foundation; 2015:79-106.